

Mandate of the Audit Committee

Approved by the Board of Directors on February 21, 2024.

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## LOBLAW COMPANIES LIMITED (the "Company")

# Mandate of the Audit Committee

## 1. **RESPONSIBILITY**

The Audit Committee is responsible for assisting the Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in relation to:

- the integrity of the Company's financial statements;
- the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements as they relate to the Company's financial statements;
- the qualifications, independence and performance of the Company's external auditor (the "Auditor");
- internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures;
- the performance of the Company's internal audit function;
- the management of those risks for which oversight has been delegated by the Board to the Audit Committee pursuant to the enterprise risk management program; and
- performing the additional duties set out in this Mandate or otherwise delegated to the Audit Committee by the Board.

## 2. MEMBERS

The Board shall appoint a minimum of three directors to be members of the Audit Committee. The members of the Audit Committee shall be selected by the Board on recommendation of the Governance, Employee Development, Nominating and Compensation Committee of the Company, and shall be selected based upon the following, to the extent that the following are required under applicable law:

- each member shall be an independent director; and
- each member shall be financially literate.

For the purpose of this Mandate, the terms "independent" and "financially literate" shall have the respective meanings attributed thereto in National Instrument 52-110 *Audit Committees*, as the same may be amended from time to time.

#### 3. CHAIR

Each year, the Board shall appoint one member to be Chair of the Audit Committee. If, in any year, the Board does not appoint a Chair, the incumbent Chair shall continue in office until a successor is appointed. The Board has adopted and approved a position description for the Chair which sets out their role and responsibilities.

## 4. TENURE

Each member shall hold office until their term as a member of the Audit Committee expires or is terminated.

#### 5. QUORUM, REMOVAL AND VACANCIES

A majority of the Audit Committee's members shall constitute a quorum. Any member may be removed and replaced at any time by the Board. The Board shall fill vacancies in the Audit Committee by appointment from among the members of the Board. If a vacancy exists on the Audit Committee, the remaining members may exercise all powers so long as a quorum remains in office.

#### 6. DUTIES

The Audit Committee shall have the duties set out below as well as any other duties that are specifically delegated to the Audit Committee by the Board.

#### Financial Statements, Disclosure and Other Regulatory Filings

#### (a) Review of Annual Audited Financial Statements

The Audit Committee shall review the annual audited financial statements, together with the Auditor's report thereon, the related Management's Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A") and any accompanying news releases, before recommending them for approval by the Board, to assess whether or not it is reasonable to conclude, based on its reviews and discussions, that the annual audited financial statements present fairly in all material respects in accordance with GAAP (which includes International Financial Reporting Standards) the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company.

In conducting their review, the Audit Committee should:

- discuss the annual audited financial statements, MD&A and any accompanying news releases with management and the Auditor;
- consider the quality of, and not just the acceptability of, the accounting principles applied, the reasonableness of management's judgments and estimates that have a significant effect upon the financial statements, and the clarity of the disclosures in the financial statements;
- discuss with the Auditor its report which addresses:
  - > all critical accounting policies and practices to be used;
  - all alternative treatments of financial information within GAAP that have been discussed with management of the Company, ramifications of the use of alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the Auditor; and
  - other material written communication between the Auditor and management of the Company, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences;
- discuss any analyses prepared by management and the Auditor that set out significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative GAAP;

- discuss the effect of off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent liabilities) and other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons that may have a material current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, capital resources, or significant components of revenues and expenses;
- consider any changes in accounting practices or policies and their impact on financial statements of the Company;
- monitor and assess the use of non-GAAP measures;
- discuss with management, the Auditor and, if necessary, legal counsel, any litigation, claim or other contingency, including tax assessments, that could have a material effect upon the financial position of the Company, and the manner in which these matters have been disclosed in the financial statements;
- discuss with management and the Auditor correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies, employee complaints or published reports that raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies;
- discuss with the Auditor any special audit steps taken in light of any material weaknesses in internal control;
- discuss with the Auditor any difficulties encountered in the course of the audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of their procedures and access to requested information, accounting adjustments proposed by the Auditor that were not applied (because they were immaterial or otherwise), and significant disagreements with management;
- consider any other matter which in its judgment should be taken into account in reaching its recommendation to the Board concerning the approval of the financial statements;
- consider, based on reviews and discussions with management and the auditor, whether the appropriate accounting policies and practices have been selected and applied consistently;
- consider, based on reviews and discussions with management and the auditor, whether the internal audit function is performing satisfactorily in relation to the financial statements; and
- consider, based on reviews and discussions with management and the auditor whether management has established appropriate procedures to comply with applicable legislation for the remittance of taxes, pension monies and employee remuneration.
- (b) Review of Interim Financial Statements

The Audit Committee shall also engage the Auditor to review the interim financial statements prior to the Audit Committee's review of such financial statements. The Audit Committee should discuss the interim financial statements, related MD&A and any accompanying news releases with management and the Auditor and, if satisfied that it is reasonable to conclude, based on its reviews and discussions, that the interim financial statements present fairly in all material respects in accordance with GAAP the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, recommend the interim financial statements, the related MD&A and any accompanying news releases to the Board for approval.

### (c) Legal Compliance Regarding Financial Statements

The Audit Committee shall review with legal counsel any legal matters that may have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements. The Audit Committee should review with legal counsel material inquiries received from regulators and governmental agencies with respect to financial disclosure. The Audit Committee shall review with the Chair of the Disclosure Committee any material matters arising from any known or suspected violation of the Company's Code of Conduct with respect to financial and accounting matters and any material concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters raised through the Company's Integrity Action Line or otherwise.

## (d) Other Financial Information

The Audit Committee shall review other financial-related releases, as well as the nature of any financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies in accordance with the Company's Disclosure Policy. In addition, the Audit Committee shall satisfy itself that adequate procedures are in place for the review of the public disclosure of information extracted or derived from the Company's financial statements and must periodically assess the adequacy of those procedures.

#### (e) <u>Review of Prospectuses and Other Regulatory Filings</u>

The Audit Committee shall review all other financial statements of the Company that require approval by the Board before they are released to the public, including, without limitation, financial statements for use in prospectuses or other offering or public disclosure documents and financial statements required by regulatory authorities. The Audit Committee shall review and recommend to the Board for approval the Annual Information Form of the Company prior to its filing.

#### (f) Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Matters

At least annually, the Audit Committee will review with management the adequacy and effectiveness of applicable controls related to the Company's ESG disclosures. The Audit Committee shall review the Company's ESG disclosures prior to publication, including disclosure in the Company's interim and annual MD&A and in respect of disclosure aligned with applicable ESG reporting frameworks, and make recommendations to the Board in respect of the approval of such disclosure.

#### (g) <u>Taxation Matters</u>

The Audit Committee shall review the status of taxation matters of the Company.

## (h) <u>Timely Disclosure</u>, <u>Confidentiality and Securities Trading Policy</u>

The Committee shall monitor the effectiveness of the Company's policies addressing the timely disclosure of material information, the confidentiality of material undisclosed information and the prohibitions against trading in securities of the Company and other issuers while in possession of undisclosed information that is material to the Company or other such issuers. The Audit Committee shall also review and recommend to the Board for approval the Securities Trading Policy annually.

### (i) <u>Review of Related Party Transactions</u>

The Audit Committee shall review all material proposed related party transactions that are not dealt with by a "special committee" of "independent directors" pursuant to securities law rules.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Disclosure Controls and Procedures

#### (j) <u>Oversight of Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Disclosure Controls and</u> <u>Procedures</u>

The Audit Committee shall oversee management's review of the design and operating effectiveness of (i) the internal control over financial reporting adopted by the Company, and (ii) the disclosure controls and procedures that have been adopted to ensure the timely disclosure of all material information about the Company and its subsidiaries as required by applicable law or security exchange rules.

The Audit Committee shall receive quarterly reports from the Company's Disclosure Committee and the group responsible for internal control compliance with respect to the Company's system of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, including annual plans as applicable.

The Audit Committee shall also review and recommend to the Board for approval the Company's Disclosure Policy at least annually.

#### **Oversight of External Auditors**

(k) Appointment and Review of Auditor

The Auditor is ultimately accountable to the Audit Committee as representatives of the shareholders. The Audit Committee has direct responsibility for overseeing the work of the Auditor. Accordingly, the Audit Committee shall evaluate and be responsible for the Company's relationship with the Auditor. Specifically, the Audit Committee shall:

- select, evaluate and nominate the Auditor for appointment or reappointment by the shareholders;
- review the Auditor's engagement letter; and
- at least annually, obtain and review a report by the Auditor describing:
  - the Auditor's internal quality-control procedures; and
  - any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, peer review, review by any independent oversight body such as the Canadian Public Accountability Board or governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the Auditor, and the steps taken to deal with any issues raised in these reviews.
- (I) <u>Confirmation of Independence of Auditor</u>

At least annually, and before the Auditor issues its report on the annual financial statements, the Audit Committee shall:

- ensure that the Auditor submits a formal written statement describing all relationships between the Auditor and the Company;
- discuss with the Auditor any disclosed relationships or services that may affect the objectivity and independence of the Auditor; and
- obtain written confirmation from the Auditor that it is objective and independent within the meaning of the Rules of Professional Conduct/Code of Ethics adopted by the provincial institute or order of Chartered Accountants to which it belongs.

#### (m) Rotation of Engagement Partner/Lead Partners

The Audit Committee shall, after taking into account the opinions of management, evaluate the performance of the Auditor and the engagement partner/lead partners and shall discuss the rotation of the engagement partner/lead partner with management when required or necessary.

#### (n) <u>Pre-Approval of Non-Audit Services</u>

The Audit Committee shall pre-approve the retaining of the Auditor for any non-audit service, provided that no approval shall be provided for any service that is prohibited under the rules of the Canadian Public Accountability Board or the Independence Standards of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Before retaining the Auditor for any non-audit service, the Audit Committee shall consider the compatibility of the service with the Auditor's independence. The Audit Committee may pre-approve retaining the Auditor for the engagement of any non-audit services by establishing policies and procedures to be followed prior to the appointment of the Auditor for the provision of such non-audit services. In addition, the Audit Committee may delegate to the Chair or to one or more members the authority to pre-approve retaining the Auditor for any permissible non-audit service. The decisions of the Chair or any member of the Audit Committee to whom this authority has been delegated, as well as any pre-approvals of a particular service will be presented to the full Audit Committee at its next scheduled Audit Committee meeting.

#### (o) Communications with Auditor

The Audit Committee shall meet privately with the Auditor as frequently as the Audit Committee feels is appropriate for the Audit Committee to fulfil its responsibilities (which shall not be less frequently than quarterly) and to discuss any concerns of the Audit Committee or the Auditor, such as:

- matters that will be referred to in the Auditor's management letter;
- whether or not the Auditor is satisfied with the quality and effectiveness of the financial reporting procedures and systems; and
- the extent to which the Auditor is satisfied with the nature and scope of its examination and management's cooperation and responsiveness to matters arising from such examination.
- (p) Approval of Audit Plan

The Audit Committee shall review and approve the Auditor's audit plan in advance of each audit.

#### (q) Approval of Audit Fees

The Audit Committee has the responsibility for approving the Auditor's fees. In approving the Auditor's fees, the Audit Committee should consider, among other things, the number and nature of reports issued by the Auditor, the quality of the internal controls, the impact of the size, complexity and financial condition of the Company on the audit work plan, and the extent of internal audit and other support provided by the Company to the Auditor.

## (r) <u>Hiring Policies</u>

The Audit Committee shall review and approve the Company's hiring policies with respect to partners and professional employees of present and former external auditors of the Company.

#### **Oversight of Internal Audit Matters**

#### (s) Review of Internal Audit Function

The Audit Committee shall:

- i. review and approve the mandate and planned activities of the Internal Audit function annually.
- ii. review and approve the budget and organizational structure of the Internal Audit function annually.
- iii. Appoint the senior officer in charge of the Internal Audit function as the Corporation's Chief Audit Executive
- iv. confirm that the Internal Audit function is independent of management and has sufficient resources to carry out its mandate.

The members shall meet privately with the Chief Audit Executive as frequently as the Audit Committee feels is appropriate for the Audit Committee to fulfil its responsibilities, which shall not be less frequently than quarterly, to discuss any areas of concern to the Audit Committee or to the Chief Audit Executive to confirm that:

- significant resolved and any unresolved issues between auditors and management have been brought to its attention;
- the engagements of Internal Audit Services and the corresponding Management Action Plans are being completed in a timely and effective manner; and
- the integrity of the Company's internal control and management information systems are satisfactory.

## (t) Fraud Control

The Committee shall oversee the Company's anti-fraud programs and controls, including its policies and procedures over fraud risk assessments and fraud risk management. The Audit Committee shall also review and approve the Anti-Fraud Policy annually.

#### **Relations with Management**

The members shall meet privately with management to discuss any concerns of the Audit Committee or management, as frequently as the Audit Committee feels is appropriate, to fulfil its responsibilities.

#### **Complaints Procedure**

The Audit Committee shall monitor the effectiveness of the Company's procedures for the receipt, retention and follow-up of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal controls, disclosure controls or auditing matters and for the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns by employees of the Company regarding accounting, internal controls, or auditing matters. The Audit Committee shall also determine whether management's response to any such complaints has been satisfactory or whether further actions or investigations are required. The Audit Committee shall review and annually approve the Company's Accounting, Auditing and Internal Controls Complaints Procedures. The Committee shall review with management periodic reports in this regard.

## 7. **REPORTING**

The Audit Committee shall report to the Board on:

- the Auditor's independence;
- the performance of the Auditor and the Audit Committee's recommendations regarding the reappointment or termination of the Auditor;
- the performance of the internal audit function;
- the design and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures;
- the Audit Committee's review of the annual and interim financial statements of the Company and any non-GAAP financial measures, including any issues with respect to the quality or integrity of the financial statements, along with the MD&A, and shall recommend whether or not the Board should approve the financial statements and any GAAP reconciliation and the MD&A;
- the Audit Committee's review of the Annual Information Form;
- the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory matters to the extent they affect the financial statements of the Company;
- the management of those risks for which oversight has been delegated by the Board to the Audit Committee pursuant to the enterprise risk management program; and
- all other material matters dealt with by the Audit Committee.

## 8. FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS AND *IN CAMERA* SESSIONS

The Audit Committee shall meet at least five times annually. Following each regularly-scheduled meeting of the Audit Committee, the Committee members shall meet *in camera*.

#### 9. RETENTION OF EXPERTS

The Audit Committee may engage such special legal, accounting or other experts, without Board approval and at the expense of the Company, as it considers necessary to perform its duties.

### **10. REVIEW AND DISCLOSURE**

This Mandate shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee at least annually and be recommended to the Board for consideration and approval with such amendments as the Audit Committee proposes.

This Mandate shall be posted on the Company's website.